PLACE OF DEATH County 2 A	5.5		SUREAU OF VITAL CERTIFICATE OF	
Township Maris	Registration	District No. 18	File No	11372
or Village		stration District No. 6/	3 9 Registered No	<u> </u>
FULL NAME	Taylor R	ust	St.;Ward	[If death occurred in hospital or institution give its NAME instea of street and number]
PERSONAL AND STATIS	STICAL PARTICULARS	/ MED	ICAL CERTIFICATE OF	DEATH
BEX COLOR OR RADE	SINGLE MARRIED WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (Write the word)	DATE OF DEATH	o Mang	(Day), 1917 (Day) (Year)
DATE OF BIRTH Flehruar	1 8 18	KG Fiele. &	SY CERTIFY, that I	attended deceased from
AGE 68	If LES!	hrs. and that death oc	curred, on the date st	3 ,191 4 ated above, at 430 9m
OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) Consolidation of the state of t	mer	The CAUSE OF D	EATH* was as follows	•
(b) General nature of Industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) BIRTHPLACE (City or town,		105	(Duration) yrs	mos di
State or foreign country) NAME OF FATHER Raheri	A Rust	Contributory_	_(Ouration)yrs	mos, d
BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country	,	(Signed) OE	Sourfe (Address) Bal	elo mio
MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER WWX	Eddy	*State the Disease (1) Means of Injury; and	Causing Death, or, in death (2) whether Accidental, Suick	s from Violent Causes, stat lal, or Homicidal.
BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country	70	LENGTH OF RESIDE RECENT RESIDENTS) At place of deathyrs	NGE (For Hospitals, Ins In the mosds. State	•
THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST	Smith	Where was disease co if not at place of de Former or usual residence	ontracted	
(ADDRESS) Zuine	ly mo.	PLACE OF BURIAL	OR REMOVAL	DATE OF BURIAL
_ 	1 1	-10	1 (m	12 / 19L

THE CONFAMING INK-THIS IS A PERMANENT RECORD

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Consus and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.-Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a): the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report "Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., Carcinoma, Sar-

coma, etc., of (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 20 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of injury and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train-accident: Revolver wound of head-homicide: Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

